



**Tourism Finance Corporation
of India Limited, New Delhi**

***CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY
POLICY 2016-17***

INDEX

1. CSR Vision Statement & Objective
2. Financial Resource and Commitment
3. Role of the Board and the CSR Committee
4. CSR policy planning & Implementation
5. Activities allowed as per section 135 of the Companies Act 2013
6. Priority programmes/projects for 2016-17
7. Implementation Agencies
8. Implementation and monitoring
9. Power for approval
10. Reporting and disclosure

1. CSR VISION AND OBJECTIVES

CONCEPT:

This policy, which encompasses the company's philosophy for delineating its responsibility as *a corporate citizen* and lays down the guidelines and mechanism for undertaking socially useful programmes for welfare & sustainable development of the community at large, is titled as the '**TFCI CSR Policy**'.

VISION STATEMENT

To promote and create additional employment opportunities particularly in Tourism Sector by enhancing vocational skill specially among the children, women, young entrepreneurs, by undertaking livelihood enhancement projects as a key contributor to the growth of India and support sustainable development activities aimed at creating a cleaner, greener and healthier environment. To support project which would promote tourism in the country by preservation/protection/enhancement of tourism products of the country.

OBJECTIVES

- To support activities aimed at development of human skills particularly needed for tourism sector.
- To support activities/projects which would promote tourism in the country including protection of national heritage of art and culture, restoration of building and sites of heritage importance, work of art, promotion and development of traditional art, handicraft etc.
- To support activities which help cleaner, greener and healthier environment and thereby enhancing TFCI's perception as a social responsible entity.

2. FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND COMMITMENT

For achieving its CSR objectives through implementation of meaningful & sustainable CSR programmes, TFCI will allocate at least two percent of the average net profits of the company made during the three immediately preceding financial years calculated in accordance with the provisions of section 198 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Excluding:

- Any profit arising from any overseas branch or branches of the company whether operated as a separate company or otherwise;
- Any dividend received from other companies in India, which are covered under and complying with the provisions of section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Accordingly, for TFCI the CSR budget for FY16-17 would be:

Year	Net Profit (Rs. in Crore including tax u/s 198)	Average of the three years (Rs. Crore)	2% of Net Profit average (Rs. Crore)
2013-14	84.06		
2014-15	81.86		
2015-16	75.67	80.53	1.611

3. ROLE OF THE BOARD AND THE CSR COMMITTEE

BOARD OF DIRECTORS



CSR COMMITTEE OF DIRECTORS

ROLE OF THE BOARD

- Constitute a Board level CSR Committee
- Approve the CSR Policy and disclose contents of such policy in its report and place it on company's website
- Ensure implementation of activities as per the policy
- Ensure 2% net profit spend
- Disclose reasons for not spending the amount (if applicable)

CSR COMMITTEE OF DIRECTORS

- Formulate and recommend a CSR policy to the Board
- Recommend activities and the amount of expenditure to be incurred
- Monitor the CSR policy from time to time

4. CSR POLICY PLANNING & IMPLEMENTATION ELEMENTS

Identify priority program activities/projects



Initial assessment and selection of implementation agencies



Implementation and Monitoring Evaluation and impact assessment



Annual Reporting and Disclosure

5. SCHEDULE VII OF SECTION 135, COMPANIES ACT 2013

Activities allowed as per the Schedule VII under section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 are activities relating to:—

- (i) eradicating hunger, poverty and malnutrition, promoting preventive health care and sanitation and making available safe drinking water;
- (ii) promoting education, including special education and employment enhancing vocational skills especially among children, women, elderly, and the differently abled and livelihood enhancement projects;
- (iii) promoting gender equality, empowering women, setting up homes and hostels for women and orphans; setting up old age homes, day care centres and such other facilities for senior citizens and measures for reducing inequalities faced by socially and economically backward groups;
- (iv) ensuring environmental sustainability, ecological balance, protection of flora and fauna, animal welfare, agroforestry, conservation of natural resources and maintaining quality of soil, air and water;
- (v) protection of national heritage, art and culture including restoration of buildings

and sites of historical importance and works of art; setting up public libraries; promotion and development of traditional arts and handicrafts:

- (vi) measures for the benefit of armed forces veterans, war widows and their dependents;
- (vii) training to promote rural sports, nationally recognised sports, paralympic sports and Olympic sports;
- (viii) contribution to the Prime Minister's National Relief Fund or any other fund set up by the Central Government for socio-economic development and relief and welfare of the Scheduled Castes, the Scheduled Tribes, other backward classes, minorities and women;
- (ix) contributions or funds provided to technology incubators located within academic institutions which are approved by the Central Government.
- (x) rural development projects."

6. PRIORITY PROGRAMS / PROJECTS FOR 2016-17 & GEOGRAPHIC AREAS

- 5% of the funds committed during the year 2016-17 may be used for building CSR capacities of TFCI personnel as well as those of implementing agencies.
- Long gestation, high impact projects shall be given priority.
- TFCI shall avoid taking up ad hoc, one time, philanthropic activities. However, contribution to the Prime Ministers' National Relief Fund, Clean Ganga Fund or any other fund set up by the Central Government for socio-economic development and relief and welfare of the Scheduled Castes, the Scheduled Tribes, other backward classes, minorities and women would be considered a valid CSR activity.
- TFCI may refrain from taking up activities which are clearly mandated to be performed by the Government and/or for which Central/State Government's schemes have been sanctioned, as it could result in unnecessary duplication. However, TFCI may supplement the efforts of the Government in deficit funding for achieving the targets/goals.
- The priority programs/projects (including assigned budgets) may be changed

during the financial year, subject to compliance requirements, by the CSR Committee

GEOGRAPHIC AREAS

- TFCI, primarily being in the financial sector services space, has no defined geographic concentration areas, since entities assisted have operations widely distributed all over India. However, priority may be given to areas where TFCI has assisted projects or national monuments having high tourism potentials.

7. IMPLEMENTATION AGENCIES

TFCI will seek to identify suitable programmes for implementation in line with the CSR objectives of the Company and also benefit the stakeholders and the community for which those programmes are intended. Other salient points:

- Activities undertaken in pursuance of normal course of business not allowed.
- Projects/programs/activities undertaken in India only considered as CSR expenditure.
- Benefits only to employees not eligible for CSR.
- 5% CSR budgeted allowed on building CSR capacities of personnel or those of implementing agencies with established track record of 3 years.

It may decide to undertake its CSR activities, approved by the CSR committee, through a registered trust or a registered society or a company established by the company or its holding or subsidiary or associate company under section 8 of the Act or otherwise.

Provided that

- a) If such trust, society or company is not established by the company or its holding or subsidiary or associate company, it shall have an established track record or three years in undertaking similar programs or projects;
- b) The company has specified the project or programs to be undertaken through these entities, the modalities of utilization of funds on such projects and programs and the monitoring and reporting mechanism.

TFCI has been promoted by IFCI Ltd. which presently holds shareholding around 40%.

IFCI has since formed a trust by the name "IFCI Social Foundation" which has the mandate to carry out CSR activities of IFCI and its subsidiaries and associates. The trust deed empowers it to receive donations, contributions from the Companies/individuals for CSR activities. TFCI may also associate itself with "IFCI Social Foundation" in carrying out the CSR activities through this trust.

8. IMPLEMENTATION AND MONITORING:

TFCI's CSR Committee shall monitor the implementation of the CSR Policy through periodic reviews of the activities. CSR Committee would approve the annual budgets. The Managing Director is authorised to approve programs, projects, activities and implementing/ monitoring agency in compliance with Companies Act 2013 with reporting to the CSR Committee and the Board of Directors. It is proposed that a Committee comprising Chief Financial Officer, DGM and Company Secretary would be constituted to recommend programs, projects etc. to Managing Director for approval.

In compliance with the Act and to ensure funds spent on CSR programs are creating the desired impact on the ground a comprehensive Monitoring and Reporting framework will be put in place. The monitoring and reporting mechanism is divided into three distinct areas:

I. Programs Monitoring

II. Evaluation

III. Reporting and Documentation

Programs Monitoring:

I. Programs monitoring mechanism will ensure:

- the CSR policy is implemented as per the Act and the Rules
- The CSR policy is implemented ensuring that all projects/programs as budgeted are duly carried out.

II. CSR spends will be closely monitored and funds shall be released against verified utilizations as per the approved work plans. This may include field visits, comprehensive documentation, and regular interaction with beneficiary communities.

III. CSR spends will be audited in an accountable and transparent manner.

IV. Reporting and review by the CSR committee and by the Board.

Evaluation:

I. MIS for monitoring mechanism and evaluation plan will be put in place.

II. Expected outcomes, outputs and inputs will be clearly defined for each program.

III. There shall be clarity about the scope of the programs and the need before evaluations are undertaken.

IV. Third parties may be engaged to ensure objective assessment across baseline and end line parameters.

V. Managing Director will be authorized to decide whether it will be internal, external or third party Evaluation.

Documentation and Reporting:

The annual CSR report to be filed by the Company will ensure:

- CSR projects and programs are being properly documented.
- An MIS is maintained on expenditure across sectors and geographies and beneficiaries impacted. The MIS structure will be in alignment with the prescribed reporting format.

9. POWER FOR APPROVAL:

The Managing Director is authorised to approve proposals and the External Agency in terms of the empowerment accorded to him by the CSR Committee. CSR works may be done through:

- i) Community based organizations whether formal or informal
- ii) Elected local bodies such as Panchayats
- iii) Voluntary Agencies (NGOs)

- iv) Institutes/ Academic Organizations
- v) Trusts, Missions
- vi) Self-help Groups
- vii) Government, Semi-Government and autonomous Organizations
- viii) Standing Conference of Public Enterprises (SCOPE)
- ix) Mahila Mandals/ Samitis
- x) Contracted agencies for civil works
- xi) Professional Consultancy Organizations
- xii) IFCI Social Foundation

There would be clear responsibility and accountability assigned to the designated agencies that are entrusted with the task of implementation by TFCI. Monitoring mechanisms should have periodic feedbacks with recourse to mid-course correction in implementation, whenever required. Actual disbursements shall be linked to the progress on the ground.

10. *REPORTING AND DISCLOSURE*

ANNUAL REPORTING

- THE Board's Report of a TFCI Limited shall include an annual report on CSR containing particulars as per the provisions of the Companies Act 2013 and Rules made thereunder.

COMPANY WEBSITE

- The Board of Directors of the TFCI shall, after taking into account the recommendations of CSR Committee, approve the CSR Policy for the company and disclose contents of such policy in its report and the same shall be displayed on the company's website.